

ISONATE 143L

Modified MDI

ISONATE 143L MODIFIED MDI

ISONATE* 143L modified MDI is a polycarbodiimide-modified diphenylmethane diisocyanate. Liquid at room temperature, this product has a low viscosity and good storage stability down to 75°F (24°C). The polycarbodiimide adduct offers extra flexibility because adduct formation is reversible (dissociation generates an additional isocyanate function). The carbodiimide linkage aids the stabilization of the polymer against hydrolytic degradation. Because this product can be used alone or in mixtures with prepolymers, its higher functionality offers faster demold times than is ordinarily possible with linear prepolymers. A unique combination of high modified MDI content, available carbodiimide, and liquid state allows ease of handling, ease of processing, and maintenance of high physical properties under strenuous wear and environmental conditions.

APPLICATIONS

- Adhesive and sealants
- Elastomers
- Coatings
- Automotive bumpers, fenders, fascia
- Integral-skin plastics
- Tires and wheels
- Industrial wheels
- Shoe soles
- Carpet underlay/adhesives
- Recreational goods
- Mechanical goods

TYPICAL PROPERTIES

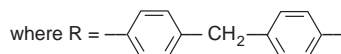
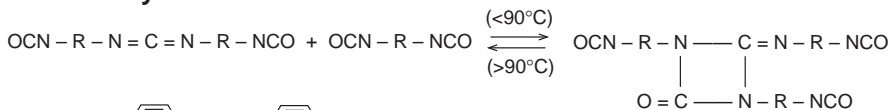
Properties	Typical Value ¹
Isocyanate equivalent weight ²	144.5
NCO content by weight, % ²	29.2
Hydrolyzable chloride, ppm ²	30
Acidity, % as HCl ²	0.002
Viscosity, cps @ 25°C ² (77°F)	33
Density, g/ml @ 25°C (lb/gal @ 77°F)	1.214 (10.1)
Vapor pressure, mm Hg @ 25°C (77°F)	<10 ⁻⁵
Extrapolated boiling point, °C (°F)	314 (597)
Appx. decomposition point, °C (°F)	230 (446)
Flash point, °C, ASTM D 93 Closed Cup (°F)	>177 (>351)
Specific heat, gm•cal/gm•°C	0.43
Thermal conductivity, gm•cal/cm•sec•°C	0.0003
Coefficient of thermal expansion, kg/l/1°C	0.0009
Heat of vaporization, cal/gm	86
Viscosity growth, cps/mo. @ 25°C ³ (77°F)	2-5

¹ Not to be construed as specifications

² For test procedures, see Technical Bulletin 109-774, "ISONATE Pure and Modified MDI Test Procedures."

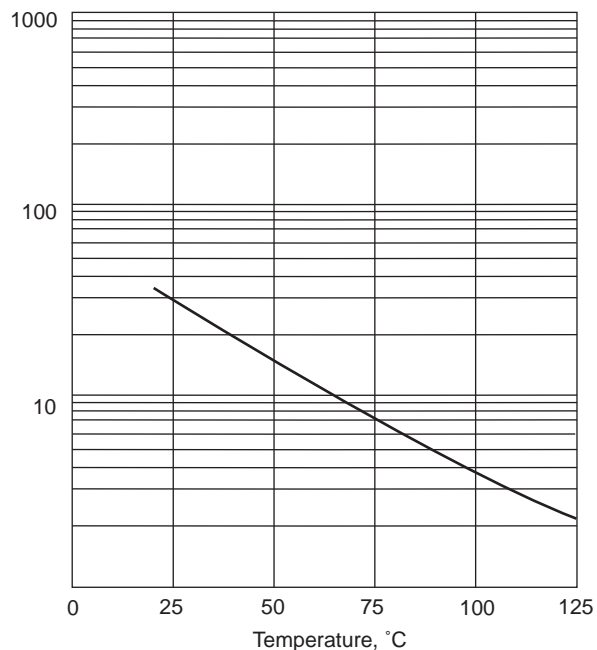
³ Under recommended handling conditions

The 143L System

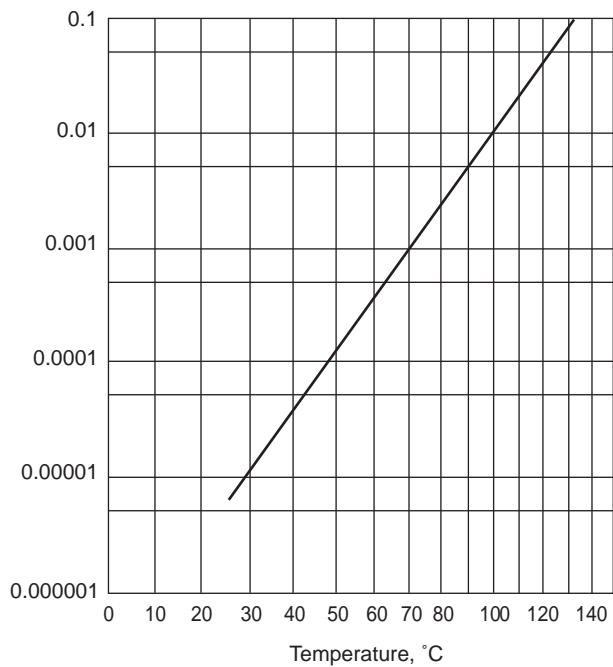


ISONATE 143L Modified MDI

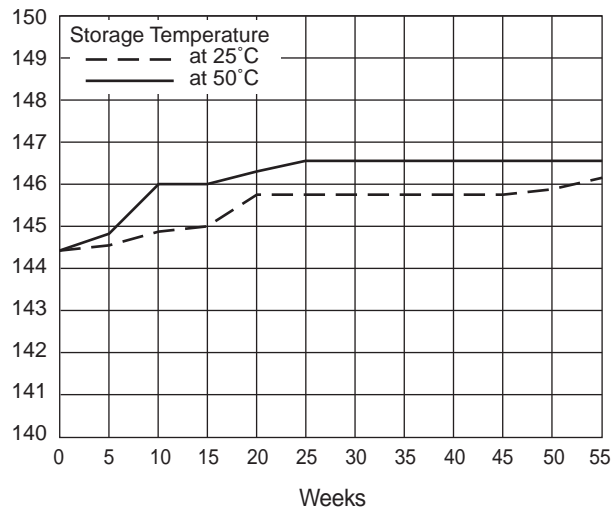
Viscosity vs Temperature



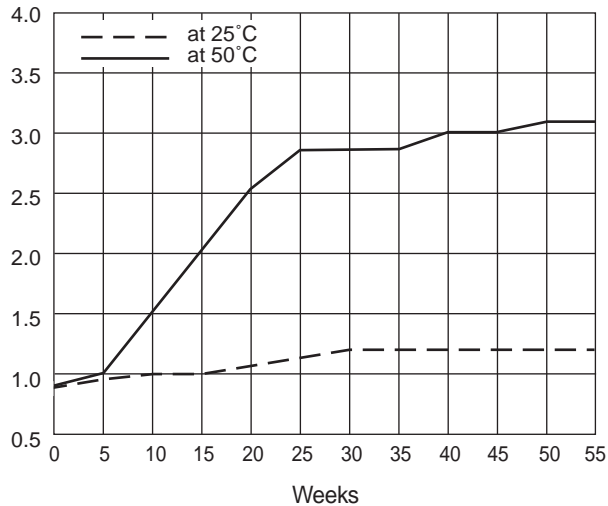
Vapor Pressure vs Temperature



Isocyanate Equivalent vs Time



% Dimer Concentration vs Time



The half of the Adducts at several temperatures is described in the table below.

Temperature, °C (°F)	Half-Life (Minutes)
120 (248)	10
100 (212)	58
80 (176)	450
60 (140)	4,500
40 (104)	50,000

NOTE: This data is for illustrative purposes only and should not be construed as specifications.

SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

ISONATE pure and modified MDI products are potentially hazardous materials and require care in handling. All persons who work with these materials must know and follow proper safe handling procedures.

Current Material Safety Data (MSD) sheets and additional information about the safe handling, storage, and use of these materials are available through your Dow representative. Dow MSD sheets may be obtained from the Customer Information Center by calling 1-800-441-4DOW(4369). Please request and review the information *before* handling these materials.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

First Aid

Diphenylmethane diisocyanate is irritating to the respiratory tract and can cause respiratory and skin sensitization in susceptible individuals. Although vapor pressure is low, there is the possibility that the diphenylmethane diisocyanate (MDI) may exist in aerosol droplets which may provide air concentrations that would be hazardous upon single exposure. These effects may be delayed. Decreased ventilatory capacity has been associated with exposure to similar isocyanates; it is possible that exposure to MDI may cause similar impairment of lung function. In case of inhalation exposure, remove to fresh air. Consult medical personnel.

MDI may cause eye and skin irritation. In case of eye contact, irrigate immediately and continuously with water for at least 15 minutes. Consult medical personnel.

In case of skin contact, wash off material in flowing water or shower. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse. Destroy contaminated shoes and leather items.

The single dose toxicities of pure and modified MDI are low.

If ingested, do not induce vomiting. Consult medical personnel.

Handling

Workers should wear appropriate eye protection (safety glasses are considered a minimum requirement and if there is the possibility of exposure to the eyes, it is recommended that chemical goggles be worn) and protective clothing impervious to MDI whenever MDI is used. General or local exhaust ventilation should be provided to control airborne levels below the exposure guidelines. Please review the MSD sheet for this information.

The vapor pressures of pure and modified MDI are low at room temperature ($<1 \times 10^{-5}$ mm Hg). However, at temperatures over 104°F (40°C), the vapor pressure increases enough that low functionality MDI products begin to constitute a toxic hazard.

Storage

Drums of modified MDI must be protected from moisture contamination. Exothermic generation of CO₂ may cause dangerous pressure build-up if contamination occurs.

If conditions favor polymeric growth, solids will form and will adversely affect product performance. To prevent polymeric formation, ISONATE 143L modified MDI must be protected from exposure to water vapor or oxygen and from exposure to temperatures below 75°F (24°C) and above 105°F (41°C).

Recommended shipping and storage temperatures for ISONATE 143L modified MDI are 75° to 105°F (24°F to 41°C).

If shipping or storage temperature should fall below 65°F (18°C), some crystallization could result. Unless proper action is taken to re-form the original solution, subsequent dimerization will proceed quickly and will deteriorate the assay of the product.

Melting Instructions

If drum shipments of polymeric or modified MDI products arrive in a crystallized, frozen, or fused state, they should be promptly unloaded and heated as soon as possible. Polymeric, pure and modified MDI products that have been frozen will exhibit the same dimerization characteristics as pure MDI. Unless proper action is taken to heat or melt the product, dimerization will proceed rapidly and deteriorate both the clarity and assay of the product.

While several methods for melting frozen or crystallized MDI have been developed, the method of choice should be one in which dimer formation is minimized. This can best be accomplished by rapid, even heating of the drums, as follows.

The preferred method for heating drums is "drum rolling" (usually at 5 rpm on a mechanical drum roller) in atmospheric steam. The principal advantage of this method is that it permits efficient heat transfer - that is, the solid MDI crystals cool the liquefied material so that the contents are not heated much beyond 70°C (158°F), the point at which dimer formation can increase significantly.

Experience has shown that a frozen drum of polymeric, pure or modified MDI, with a temperature between -4° to 32°F (-20° to 0°C), will usually melt completely (i.e., reach 70°C [158°F] in approximately four to five hours). Also, while 70°C (158°F) is significantly higher than the recommended storage and handling temperature, it is necessary to reach this temperature, at least briefly, in order to melt the product both quickly and thoroughly.

Before heating, any opened drums should be reblanketed with dry nitrogen (-40°F [-40°C] dew point) and all drums, previously opened or not, should have bungs tightened securely.

Upon removal from the steam chest, residual heat will usually evaporate free water from the drum

head. In any event, the top of the drum should be wiped with a dry cloth.

As can be seen, agitation and even heating is the key to maintaining quality during melting. *Dow does not recommend static melting in hot-air oven or with electric heating apparatus, or by hot-water bath.*

CAUTION: The "drum rolling" procedure should be carefully monitored to prevent bumping, rubbing or other conditions that could puncture or otherwise damage the drums.

Fire

Suitable fire extinguishing agents include water fog, foam, alcohol foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical powder. Isocyanates will burn but do not ignite easily. In the event of a fire, toxic vapors and decomposed material are likely to be present. All fire fighters should be equipped with protective clothing and a positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus. Drums of isocyanate involved in a fire should be sprayed with water to minimize the risk of rupture. However, water contamination in a closed container or a confined area is to be avoided, due to exothermic CO₂ evolution upon water contamination.

Spills and Disposal

In case of spills, evacuate and ventilate the spill area. Only properly trained and protected personnel should be involved in the spill cleanup and waste disposal operations. Spills can be covered with a commercial absorbent or sand, shoveled into open containers, properly labeled, and removed from the work area for decontamination with a solution of 95% water, 5% ammonium hydroxide. *Waste disposal of isocyanates should always be in accordance with federal, state, and local environmental laws and regulations.*

FOR MORE INFORMATION

For additional information about MDI product, consult the *Safe Handling and Storage of MDI-Based Isocyanates* handbook (Form No. 109-01224) from Dow or contact the Dow Customer Information Center at 1-800-441-4DOW(4369). Also, review the current material safety data sheet for this product.

Customer Notice

Dow encourages its customers to review their applications of Dow products from the standpoint of human health and environmental quality. To help ensure that Dow products are not used in ways for which they were not intended or tested, Dow personnel are willing to assist in dealing with ecological and product safety considerations. Your Dow representative can arrange proper contacts.

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For additional information call 1-800-441-4DOW (4369)



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